Class: 12th Subject : Computer Science II



## October 2015

<b>(A)</b>	Select the correct alternative and rewrite:  a) In 8085 Microprocessor Pin in used to demultiplexing of address/data					
	a)		/data bus!			
		iii) $IO/\overline{M}$ iv) $HOLD$				
	b)					
		iii) Incremented by one iv) Decremented by two				
	c)	8051 Bit Micro -Controller				
		i) 8 ii) 4				
		iii) 16 iv) 32				
	d)	In Topology, all devices are connected to a central hub.				
		111) Bus 1V) None of these				
<b>B</b> )	Ansv	·	(6)			
	a)	<u>.</u>				
	1 \					
	b)	Explain the addressing modes of the following instructions of 8085 Micro-processor				
		i) STAXrp ii) CMA iii) LHLDaddr				
	c)	State any six applications of a Micro-Contoroller.				
<b>(A)</b>	Ansv	wer any two:	(6)			
	a)					
			counter			
	b)					
		-				
	c)	Explain in brief, any three situations where multiplexing is useful for data transmission				
<b>B</b> )	Ansv	wer any one of the following:	(4)			
	a)	i) ALU ii) Timing and Control				
	b)	Explain the advantages of the following features of the pentium processor i) Dual Pipelining ii) On Chip Caches				
	(A)	b)  c)  d)  Ans: a) b)  c)  (A) Ans: a) b)  c)  B) Ans: a)	ii) S <sub>0</sub> ii) ALE iii) IO/ M iv) HOLD  b) After the execution of POP rp instruction, SP gets i) Incremented by one iii) Decremented by one iii) Incremented by two iv) Decremented by two  c) 8051 Bit Micro -Controller i) 8 ii) 4 iii) 16 iv) 32  d) In Topology, all devices are connected to a central hub. i) Ring ii) Star iii) Bus iv) None of these  B) Answer any two of the following: a) Explain the terms in a Micro-computer: i) Address Bus ii) Data Bus iii) Control Bus b) Explain the addressing modes of the following instructions of 8085 Micro-processor i) STAXrp ii) CMA iii) LHLDaddr  c) State any six applications of a Micro-Contoroller.  (A) Answer any two: a) Explain the function of the following registers in 8085 Micro-Processor: i) Stack Pointer ii) Instruction register iii) Program b) Explain the following instructions of 8085 Micro-processor with suitable example of each: i) LXI rp ii) XRA r iii) RLC c) Explain in brief, any three situations where multiplexing is useful for data  B) Answer any one of the following: a) Write the functions of following units in 8085 Micro-processor i) ALU ii) Timing and Control iii) Serial I/O Control iv) Instruction Register and Decoder b) Explain the advantages of the following features of the pentium processor			

Q.3	<b>(A)</b>	Answer any of two following					
		a) State the conditions of $IO/\overline{M}$ , $S_0$ and $S_1$ signals of 8085 Micro-processor for the					
			following operations. i) MEMORY READY	ii) I/O WRITE	iii) I/O READ		
		b)	Describe in brief function of following pins in 8085 Micro-processor.				
		,	i) READY	ii) CLKOUT	iii) WR		
		c)	Explain the operation of token rin	,	= =		
		σ,	Emplain the operation of token in	ig in networking with u	survacio diagrami		
	<b>B</b> )	Answer any one of the following:					
		a)	, 1				
		<ul><li>in a Micro-processor</li><li>b) What is a Micro-controller? State any six features of 8051 Micro-controller.</li></ul>					
		b)	51 Micro-controller.				
Q.4	(A)	Ansv	wer any two of the following :		(8)		
	(11)	a) The accumulator in 8085 Micro-processor contains the data. 78H and register D co					
		data 33H. What will be the content of accumulator alter execution of each of the following instructions independently.					
			i) SUB D	ii) AND D	iii) CMA		
		b)	Explain the following instruction	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	le of	
			each:				
			i) POP rp	ii) SPHL			
		c)	Explain the following connectivit	•			
			i) Router	ii) Repeater			
	<b>B</b> )	Answer any one of the following: (4)					
		a)	Explain the following attributes of a transmission medium:				
			i) Band Width	ii) EMI			
		L)	iii) Bond Usage	iv) Attenuation	D/ID Duote eel		
		b)	What is meant by a protocol? Exp	plain the concept of TCI	P/IP Protocol.		
Q.5	A)	Answer any two of the following: (10)					
		a) Write an assembly language program to multiply the content of 2000H by the content of					
		2000H. store the 16 bit result in the memory location 2010H and 2011H.					
		b) Write an assembly language program to add the four byte number starti					
		with another four byte number starting from C100H. Store the four byte					
		from C200H and carry at C204H.					
		c) Write an assembly language program to count the odd numbers in a memo starting from 2300H to 2320H. Store the count at memory location 2400H.					
		OR					
		a) The memory block starts from 3000H and 3100 H each containing 16 b					
			assembly language program to ex				
		b) A memory block from 4000H containing 16 Hexadcimal number. Write				•	
		language program to count the number which has identical nibbles, stores to memory location 4010H.				uiit iii	
		memory rotation rotati.					
		c) Write an assembly language program to test weather the data DCH is pro					
		memory block which starts from 2000H. If the data is present in blocks					
			should contain its address otherw		FFH.		
			(Test for the first occurance only)				